

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HOME AFFAIRS
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:1890
ANSWERED ON:15.03.2005
AREAS OF DISQUIET
Mahtab Shri Bhartruhari

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has identified around 150 districts as areas of 'disquiet';
- (b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise;
- (c) whether any socio-economic and area specific programmes planned in order to address the problems of internal disquiet; and
- (d) if so, the details in this regard, State-wise?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SRIPRAKASH JAISWAL)

(a) & (b): 126 districts in 12 States are affected by naxal violence/influence in varying degrees. Out of these, 76 districts in 9 States are badly affected. Their details are annexed.

(c) & (d): The Government has adopted a multipronged strategy to tackle the problem of naxalism which inter-alia includes focused attention on integrated development of the affected areas. For accelerated socio-economic development of the naxal affected areas, 55 badly affected districts have so far been included under the Backward Districts Initiative (BDI) component of the Rashtriya Sam Vikas Yojana (RSVY) which provides an additionality of Rs. 15 crores as special Central assistance on 100 % grant basis per year per district for a period of 3 years from 2003-04 so as to fill in critical gaps in social and physical infrastructure in these districts.

ANNEXURE

Sl.No. State Districts

1. Andhra Pradesh Warangal, Karimnagar, Adilabad, Khammam, Medak, Nalgonda, Nizamabad, Mehboobnagar, Guntur, Prakasam, Anantapur, Kurnool, Vizianagaram, Visakhapatnam, East Godavari and Srikakulam.
2. Bihar Aurangabad, Gaya, Jehanabad, Rohtas, Nalanda, Patna, Bhojpur, Kaimur, East Champaran, West Champaran, Sitamarhi, Arwal, Nawada and Jamui.
3. Jharkhand Hazaribagh, Lohardagga, Palamu, Chatra, Garhwa, Ranchi, Gumla, Simdega, Latehar, Giridih, Koderma, Bokaro, Dhanbad, East Singhbhum, West Singhbhum and Saraikela-Kharaswan.
4. Madhya Pradesh Balaghat, Dindori and Mandla.
5. Chhattisgarh Bastar, Dantewada, Kanker, Kawardha, Rajnandgaon, Sarguja, Jashpur and Korea (Baikunthpur).
6. Maharashtra Gadchiroli, Chandrapur, Bhandara and Goda.
7. Orissa Malkangiri, Ganjam, Koraput, Gajapati, Rayagada, Navrangpur,

Mayurbhanj, Sundargarh and Keonjhar.

8. Uttar Pradesh Sonbhadra, Mirzapur and Chandauli.

9. West Bengal Bankura, Midnapore and Purulia.

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